ÇELEBİ HAVA SERVİSİ A.Ş.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

ÇELEBİ HAVA SERVİSİ A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 31 MARCH 2007 AND 31 DECEMBER 2006

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CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 31 MARCH 2007 AND 31 DECEMBER 2006

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
ASSETS			
Current assets		88.660.346	98.742.459
Cash and cash equivalents	4	56.068.873	67.010.705
Marketable Securities - net	5	-	-
Trade receivables - net	7	15.499.289	15.605.256
Finance lease receivables - net	8	-	-
Due from related parties - net	9	2.132.843	270.452
Other receivables - net	10	8.315.904	9.229.900
Biological assets - net	11	-	-
Inventories - net Construction contract	12	4.125.011	3.381.292
receivables - net	13	-	-
Deferred tax assets	14	-	-
Other current assets	15	2.518.426	3.244.854
Non-current assets		197.259.430	199.744.792
Trade receivables - net	7	-	-
Finance lease receivables - net	8	-	-
Due from related parties - net	9	-	-
Other receivables - net	10	-	-
Financial assets - net	16	-	-
Goodwill/negative goodwill - net	17	17.332.869	18.160.526
Investment property - net	18	-	-
Property, plant and			
equipment -net	19	100.495.779	96.911.569
Intangible assets - net	20	77.636.388	83.246.005
Deferred tax assets	14	1.672.067	1.296.573
Other non-current assets	15	122.327	130.119
TOTAL ASSETS		285.919.776	298.487.251

These consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2007 have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors ("BOD") on 1 June 2007 and signed on its behalf of BOD by S. Samim Aydın, General Manager and by H. Tanzer Gücümen, Finance Director.

ÇELEBİ HAVA SERVİSİ A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 31 MARCH 2007 AND 31 DECEMBER 2006

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
LIABILITIES		171.218.587	181.211.388
CURRENT LIABILITIES		122.925.688	133.269.918
Financial liabilities - net	6	55.155.677	59.630.749
Short-term portion of long-term financial liabilities - net	6	33.923.149	32.404.573
Finance lease obligations - net	8	41.748	97.245
Other financial liabilities - net	10	-	71.243
Trade payables - net	7	16.619.725	25.933.505
Due to related parties - net	9	2.154.412	2.267.511
Advances received	21	62.268	61.890
Construction contracts progress payments - net	13	-	-
Provisions	23	5.534.568	3.018.507
Deferred tax liability Other liabilities not	14 15	0.424.141	0.955.029
Other liabilities - net	15	9.434.141	9.855.938
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		48.292.899	47.941.470
Financial liabilities - net	6	32.700.171	33.066.453
Finance lease obligations - net	8	-	-
Other financial liabilities - net	10	-	-
Trade payables - net	7	2.757	2.808
Due to related parties - net	9	-	-
Advances received	21	0.905.140	9 (75 (01
Provisions Deferred tax liability	23 14	9.895.140 5.694.831	8.675.601 6.196.608
Other liabilities - net	15	3.094.631 -	0.190.008
MINORITY INTEREST	24	4.241.113	4.672.871
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		110.460.076	112.602.992
Share capital	25	13.500.000	13.500.000
Investment capital net-off Capital reserves	26	11.785.483	11.785.483
Share premiums	20	-	11.703.405
Share cancellation gains		-	_
Revaluation fund		-	-
Financial assets revaluation fund		-	-
Equity inflation adjustment differences	26	11.785.483	11.785.483
Profit reserves	27	36.473.839	36.453.445
Legal reserves		8.455.399	8.455.399
Statutory reserves		-	-
Extraordinary reserves		27.229.058	27.229.058
Special reserves Investment and property sales gains		-	-
to be transferred to the share capital		_	_
Translation reserves		789.382	768.988
Net income for the period		(2.163.310)	22.204.955
Retained earnings	28	50.864.064	28.659.109
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
AND LIABILITIES		285.919.776	298.487.251

Commitments and Contingent Assets and Liabilities

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ÇELEBİ HAVA SERVİSİ A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 31 MARCH 2007 AND 31 DECEMBER 2006

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
OPERATING REVENUE			
Net sales	36	46.277.296	36.014.585
Cost of sales (-)	36	(42.307.080)	(31.189.993)
Service revenues - net	36	-	-
Other operating income	36	-	
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT		3.970.216	4.824.592
Operating expenses (-)	37	(9.483.932)	(7.889.573)
NET OPERATING LOSS		(5.513.716)	(3.064.981)
Other income and profits	38	2.376.150	539.437
Other expenses and losses (-)	38	(185.574)	(186.336)
<u>Financial expenses</u>	39	104.544	(712.552)
OPERATING LOSS		(3.218.596)	(3.424.432)
Net monetary gain/loss	40	-	<u>-</u>
MINORITY INTEREST	24	440.498	(8.563)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(2.778.098)	(3.432.995)
Taxes on income	41	614.788	(146.129)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(2.163.310)	(3.579.124)
LOSS PER SHARE (YTL)	42	(0,16)	(0,27)

ÇELEBİ HAVA SERVİSİ A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007 AND 31 MARCH 2006

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Share Capital	Inflation adjustments to shareholders' equity	Legal reserves	Extraordinary reserves	Retained earnings	Currency translation reserves	Net income for the year	Total Shareholder's equity
1 January 2006	13.500.000	11.785.483	6.899.658	9.829.942	28.659.109	-	31.156.786	101.830.978
Transfers to retained earnings Net loss for the period	- -	- -	-	- -	31.156.786	-	(31.156.786) (3.579.124)	(3.579.124)
31 March 2006	13.500.000	11.785.483	6.899.658	9.829.942	59.815.895	-	(3.579.124)	98.251.854
1 January 2007	13.500.000	11.785.483	8.455.399	27.229.058	28.659.109	768.988	22.204.955	112.602.992
Transfers to retained earnings Currency translation reserves Net loss for the period	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	22.204.955	20.394	(22.204.955) - (2.163.310)	20.394 (2.163.310)
31 March 2007	13.500.000	11.785.483	8.455.399	27.229.058	50.864.064	789.382	(2.163.310)	110.460.076

ÇELEBİ HAVA SERVİSİ A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 31 MARCH 2007 AND 31 DECEMBER 2006

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before tax and minority interest		(3.218.596)	(3.424.432)
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax			
to net cash inflows from operating activities			
Depreciation	19-20	9.438.152	7.621.280
Provision for employment termination benefits	23	798.050	145.947
Interest income	39	(787.693)	-
Interest expense	39	1.473.504	-
Change in provision for doubtful receivable	7	-	-
Currency translation adjustment		20.394	-
Minority interest	24	8.740	8.563
Net cash before changes in assets and liabilities		7.732.551	4.351.358
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Change in trade receivables	7	105.967	(626.263)
Change in due from related parties	9	(1.862.391)	2.114.090
Change in inventories	12	(743.719)	(765.284)
Change in other receivables	10	1.741.653	32.935
Change in other current/non-current assets	15	358.726	158.314
Change in trade payables	7	(9.313.780)	(3.120.091)
Change in due to related parties	9	(113.099)	1.182.971
Change in short-term liability provisions	23	2.516.061	1.555.006
Change in other short-term liabilities	15	(308.786)	588.757
Change in long-term liability provisions	23	622.801	1.493.948
Change in advances taken	21	378	1.473.740
Employment termination benefits paid	23	(201.363)	(159.070)
Cash flow from operating activities		534.999	6.806.671
Investment operations			
Purchase of tangible assets	19	(7.177.525)	(1.832.066)
Purchase of intangible assets	20	(323.836)	(195.326)
Interest Received	39	99.617	-
Change in long-term financial assets	16	-	-
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets	19-20	88.616	-
Cash outflows due to investment in associates		-	-
Cash flow from investment operations		(7.313.128)	(2.027.392)
Financial operations			
Change in borrowings	6	(4.106.531)	2.546.069
Change in short-term finance lease obligations	8	(55.497)	(134.735)
Change in long-term finance lease obligations	8	-	(52.407)
Dividends paid	ŭ	-	(52.107)
Interest paid	39	(1.675)	-
Cash flow from financial operations		(4.163.703)	2.358.927
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(10.941.832)	7.138.206
Beginning balance of cash and cash equivalents	4	67.010.705	46.224.642
Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents	4	56.068.873	53.362.848

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Çelebi Hava Servisi A.Ş (the "Company") established in 1958 was the first private ground handling service company in the Turkish aviation sector. The Company provides ground handling services (representation, traffic, ramp, cargo, flight operations and aircraft maintenance etc) and fuel supplies to domestic airline and private cargo companies. The Company operates in İstanbul, İzmir, Ankara, Adana, Antalya, Dalaman, Bodrum, Çorlu, Bursa Yenişehir, Gaziantep, Diyarbakır, Erzurum, Kayseri, Samsun, Trabzon, Tokat, Van, Malatya, Kars, Mardin, Isparta and Sivas airports, which are under the control of the State Airports Administration ("DHMI").

The address of the Company is as follows:

Atatürk Havalimanı, Yeşilköy 34149 Yeşilköy, İstanbul

The Company has consolidated Çelebi IC Antalya Havalimanı Terminal Yatırım ve İşletme A.Ş. ("Çelebi IC") with %49,99 of shares using the joint-venture consolidation method as of 31 March 2007. Çelebi IC was established on 23 March 2004 based on the "Antalya Airport 2nd International Terminal (Terminal) construction, management and transfer agreement" between the Company and the DHMI on 24 February 2004. Based on this agreement and an additional contract prepared on 10 November 2004, the construction of the building was finished and operations started as of 4 April 2005. Çelebi IC will run this terminal for 54 months and then transfer it to the DHMI without any charge. The other main shareholder of Çelebi IC is İçtaş İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. with %49,99 of shares.

The Company has also consolidated Çelebi Güvenlik Sistemleri ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. ("Çelebi Güvenlik") in which it holds %94,8 (2006: %94,8) of shares. Çelebi Güvenlik maintains security at the Terminal and provides security services to the airline companies.

The Company has also participated in a tender offer as of 7 August 2006 called by the Budapest Airport Budapest Ferihegy Nemzetközi Repülöter Üzemeltetö Zartkörüen Müködö Reszvenytarsasag ("Ba Zrt") company resident in Budapest, Hungary for the acquisition of the Budapest Airport Handling Kereskedelmi es Szolgaltato Korlatolt Feleössegü Tarsasag ("BAGH") company that provides ground handling services at Budapest Airport and in which ("Ba Zrt") has a % 100 share. The Company was informed of winning the tender offer on 14 August 2006 and participates in the Celebi Tanacsado Korlatolt Felelossegu Tarsasag" ("Celebi Kft.") company that was founded on 22 September 2006 as founding shareholder for the realisation of the abovementioned share transfer. Celebi Kft acquired all the shares of BAGH on 26 October 2006 and the trade name of BAGH has been changed to Celebi Ground Handling Hungary Földi Kiszolgáló Korlátolt Felelősségű Társaság ("CGHH"). Celebi Kft has share capital of 2.700.000.000 Hungary Forint ("HUF") in which the Company has a share of HUF 1.890.000.000 (%70). The other shares belong to Çelebi Holding A.Ş which is also the shareholder of the Company.

As of 31 March 2007, the consolidated financial statements of the Company include the Company, Celebi IC, Celebi Kft, CGHH and Celebi Güvenlik (collectively, referred to as the "Group").

As of 31 March 2007 and 31 March 2006, the average number of employees of the Group is 3.908 and 4.003, respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Accounting policies

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with financial reporting principles published by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB"), namely "CMB Accounting Standards". The CMB published a comprehensive set of accounting principles in Communiqué No: XI-25 "The Accounting Standards in the Capital Markets". In the aforementioned communiqué, it has been stated that applying the International Financial Reporting Standards "IFRS" issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") is accepted as an alternative to conform to the CMB Accounting Standards.

With the decision taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB has announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Accounting Standards. Accordingly, the Company did not apply IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by the IASB in its financial statements for the accounting periods starting 1 January 2005. The consolidated financial statements and the related notes have been prepared in accordance with the alternative method mentioned above and presented in accordance with the formats required by the CMB with the announcement dated 20 December 2004.

The consolidated interim financial statements are based on the statutory records with adjustments and reclassifications made for the purpose of fair presentation and measurement in accordance with CMB Accounting Standards. Consequently, the Company, its Subsidiaries and Affiliates (the "Group") that are resident in Turkey have conformed to the CMB, Turkish Commercial Code, Turkish Corporate Tax Law standards and regulations and the Uniform Chart of Accounts as defined by the Ministry of Finance in the preparation of the statutory financial statements and in the accounting principles adopted. Foreign affiliates are subject to rules and regulations defined in their countries.

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in New Turkish lira ("YTL") based on the historical cost conversion except for the financial assets and liabilities which are expressed with their fair values.

The interim financial statements of the foreign affiliates have been prepared in accordance with the rules and standards defined by the country in which the affiliates are resident; however required adjustments and reclassifications have been made to the financial statements to reflect the accounting policies and presentation principles of the Group's consolidated financial statements. The assets and liabilities of the foreign affiliates have been translated using the foreign exchange rate as the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses have been translated into New Turkish lira using the average foreign exchange rate. The foreign exchange differences resulting from the translation of net assets at the opening period and the utilisation of average exchange rates, have been followed as cumulative translation adjustments under equity.

2.2 Adjustments on balance sheet items for hyperinflationary periods

Inflation adjustments were not performed for the periods 1 January-31 March 2007 and 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Consolidation principles

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on explanations mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (c) and the accounts of the Company, Çelebi Hava Servisi A.Ş, the Subsidiaries and Joint-ventures prepared based on paragraphs (a) and (b). The financial statements of the companies included in the scope of consolidation and prepared according to the historical cost method have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements with adjustments and reclassifications for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with CMB Accounting Standards and the application of uniform accounting policies and presentation.

Positive goodwill due to the consolidation of the Subsidiaries and Joint-ventures has been presented separately from the carrying value in the balance sheet.

a) Subsidiaries are companies over which the Company has the power to control the financial and operating policies, either (a) through the power to exercise more than %50 of voting rights relating to shares in the companies as a result of ownership interest owned directly and indirectly by itself, or (b) although not having the power to exercise more than %50 of the ownership interest, the power to exercise control over financial and operating policies.

The balance sheets and statements of income of the Subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by the Company and its Subsidiaries eliminated against the related shareholders' equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between the Company and its Subsidiaries are eliminated during consolidation. The cost of, and the dividends arising from, shares held by the Company in its Subsidiaries are eliminated from shareholders' equity and income for the period, respectively.

Affiliates are consolidated beginning from the date control is transferred to the Group and are excluded from the consolidation beginning from the date control is ended. If required, accounting principles adopted by the Affiliates are altered to reflect the accounting principles adopted in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Subsidiaries and their ownership included in the consolidation as of 31 March 2007 are as follows:

	Direct/indirect control of the Company (%) 31 March 2007	Direct/Indirect control of the Company (%) 31 December 2006
Çelebi Güvenlik	%94,8	%94,8
Celebi Kft. (*)	%70,0	%70,0
CGHH (*)	%70.0	%70.0

(*) The Company, as disclosed in Note 1, participated in Celebi Tanacsado Korlatolt Felelossegu Tarsasag" ("Celebi Kft") established on 22 September 2006 as a founding partner in order to realise the share transfer following the winning of the tender offer opened on 7 August 2006. The Company has a share of Hungarian Forint ("HUF") 1.890.000.000 (70%) (YTL 13.182.399) in total equity capital of HUF 2.700.000.000 of Celebi Kft and Celebi Kft has been consolidated in the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2006. As of 31 March 2007, Celebi Kft has a 100% share of the total equity capital of CGHH.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- b) Joint ventures are companies in respect of which there are contractual arrangements through which an economic activity is undertaken subject to joint control by Çelebi Hava Servisi and one or more other parties. The Group's interest in joint ventures is accounted for by way of proportionate consolidation. According to this method, the Group includes its share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of each joint venture in the relevant components of the financial statements. Çelebi IC is a %49,99 participation of the Company jointly managed by the other shareholders of Çelebi IC.
- c) The minority shares in the net assets and operating results of Subsidiaries are separately classified in the consolidated balance sheets and statements of income as "minority interest".
- d) In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all balances and unrealised revenues resulting from intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Unrealized revenue transactions with the joint ventures have been eliminated by the rate of the controlling power of the Group over the Affiliate. Dividends from the shares the Company owns have, also been eliminated from the related equity and income statement accounts.
- e) The assets and liabilities of the foreign affiliates have been translated by using the foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses have been translated into New Turkish lira by using average foreign exchange rates. The foreign exchange differences resulting from the translation of net assets at the beginning period and utilisation of average exchange rates, have been followed as cumulative translation adjustments under equity.

2.4 Comparatives and restatement of prior periods' financial statements

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to changes in presentation of the current year's consolidated financial statements.

According to the contract and bid specifications related to the construction, management and transfer of Antalya Airport 2nd international terminal signed between the DHMI and Çelebi IC, the DHMI guaranteed foreign passenger income of USD 15 up to 2.345.796 passengers (2006: 2.277.472) to Çelebi IC. After reaching the guaranteed passenger number in one operating year, the entire passenger income will be transferred to the DHMI.

2.5 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or when the acquisition of the assets and settlement of the liabilities are concurrent.

2.6 Convenience translation into English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish

The accounting principles described in Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements (defined as CMB Accounting Standards) differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board with respect to the application of inflation accounting, for the period between 1 January - 31 December 2005 and presentation of the basic financial statements and the notes to them. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with IFRS.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below:

3.1 Revenue recognition

Revenues are the invoiced values of trading goods sold and services given. Revenues are recognised on an accrual basis at the time the Group sells a product to the customer, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group at the fair value of considerations received or receivable. Net sales represent the invoiced value of trading goods sold and services given less sales returns, discount and commissions (Note 36). Rent income is recorded on an accrual basis, while interest income is recorded on an effective interest yield method basis. Dividend income is recorded as income as of the collection right transfer date.

Passenger service income is recognised on an accrual basis, invoiced over amounts determined per traveller with reference to the service contracts to the airport firms or their representatives for the services rendered to the passengers going abroad from the terminal. In accordance with the "Antalya Airport 2nd International Terminal construction, management and transfer agreement" signed between Çelebi IC and DHMI and also with the conditions of the contract, the DHMI committed to the foreign lines service revenue from 2.345.796 (2006: 2.277.472) passengers and agreed USD15 per person as the foreign line passenger service price. After reaching the guaranteed passenger number in one operating year, the remainder of the passenger income will be transferred to the DHMI.

3.2 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, or net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses. Cost elements included in inventories are cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other costs for maintenance. Stocks are valued with the moving average cost method (Note 12).

3.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less depreciation, restated to the equivalent purchasing power at 31 December 2004 for the items purchased before 1 January 2005 and stated at cost less depreciation for the items purchased after 1 January 2005. Depreciation is provided on restated amounts of property, plant and equipment using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets (Note 19).

The depreciation periods for property and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of assets concerned, are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Leasehold improvements	5-15 years
Software	5 years

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Where the carrying amount of the asset is greater than its recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount. Revenue and losses due to fixed asset disposals are calculated over restated fixed asset balances and recorded in profit and loss accounts.

Expenses for the repair and maintenance of property, plant and equipment are normally charged to the statement of income. They are, however, capitalised in exceptional cases if they result in an enlargement or substantial improvement of the respective assets and amortised based on the remaining useful life of the fixed asset.

3.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise computer programmers, information systems and rights. They are stated at cost less amortisation, restated to the equivalent purchasing power at 31 December 2004 for the items purchased before 1 January 2005 and stated at cost less amortisation for the items purchased after 1 January 2005. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over a period not exceeding five years (Note 20).

Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of any intangible assets is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount (Note 20).

The amortisation of the leasehold improvements related with the construction of the terminal has been conducted using the straight-line method based on the operation of the terminal for 54 months.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the build-operate-transfer investment are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset, if the amount of costs can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the qualifying asset will flow to the Group.

3.5 Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset, except for a deferred tax asset is impaired (Note 3.22 and Note 14). If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. Impairment is recognised in the income statement as expense.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed, not exceeding the previously recognised impairment loss amount, if there is a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount due to an event occurring since the last impairment loss was recognised.

3.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. They are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest yield method; any difference between proceeds (except cost of operation) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings. Financial expenses related with borrowings are recorded in the consolidated income statement when realised (Note 39). The difference between the total amount of the borrowing (less the transaction fees) and that at the repayment date is recorded in the consolidated income statement during the period the borrowing is effective.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.7 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified based on the intent of the investment. Group management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets at the time of the purchase and re-evaluates such designations on a regular basis. The Group classifies its financial assets as below:

a) Borrowings and receivables

Credits and receivables comprise non-derivative financials assets which are not quoted in an active market, and which comprise of fixed or certain payments. Credits and receivables arise when they are not held-for-trading, and when the Group supplies money, goods and services to a debtor directly. If their maturities are 12 months shorter than the balance sheet date, they are recognised in current assets, if more than that, they are recognised in non-current assets. Credits and receivables are included in the trade receivables (Note 3.16) and other receivables in the balance sheet. Credits and receivables are recognised over values after deducting the transaction costs of the related amounts. Credits and receivables are recognised afterwards over the cost value discounted by the effective interest yield method.

b) Available-for-sale assets

Financial instruments held for an indefinite period, and which can be sold to meet liquidity requirements, or changes in the interest rates, and which are not subject to other classifications are classified as available-for-sale assets. These are included in non-current assets if management does not plan to hold the financial asset for a period of less than 12 months, and if no need will arise to increase operating capital (otherwise it is included in the current assets). Group management classifies these financial instruments when they are acquired, and reviews classifications regularly.

Unrealised gains and losses due to changes in the reasonable value of available for sale financial assets, are booked under equity and disclosed as "Financial assets revaluation fund" after the reflection of the deferred tax effect in line with the alterations made in IFRS 39.

All financial investments are recognised over the cost values including the reasonable value, and acquisition costs related to the investment. The Group values the available-for-sale assets at the balance sheet date over the reasonable value and accounts for the arising reasonable value differences under equity capital. The Group accounts for the losses and gains related to available-for-sale assets under equity capital directly until these assets are removed from the financial statements. Negative differences between the acquisition cost of available-for-sale assets, and their reasonable values are related to the consolidated financial statements if differences are permanent.

When affiliates are not quoted in stock exchange in which the Group has less than a 20 % share, and other methods in determining the fair value of the financial asset are not applicable and therefore the fair value of the affiliate cannot be assessed, impairment losses (if they exist) are deducted from the acquiring cost of the financial asset.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.8 Mergers and acquisitions

The accounting of mergers and acquisitions depends on the purchase method used. The cost of a business combination is allocated by recognising the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is recognised as an asset and is initially measured as the excess of the cost of the combination over the fair value of the acquiree's assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. In business combinations, the acquirer recognises identifiable assets (such as deferred tax on carry forward losses), intangible assets (such as trademarks) and/or contingent liabilities which are not included in the acquiree's financial statements and which can be separated from goodwill, at their fair values in the consolidated financial statements.

The carrying value of goodwill is reviewed annually for permanent impairment and the impairment provision, if any, is immediately recognised in the consolidated statements of income.

3.9 Foreign exchange rate risk

Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies have been translated into YTL at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into YTL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of foreign currency items have been included in the statements of income. Foreign currency non-monetary items which are carried with costs are translated into YTL at the exchange rates prevailing at the purchase dates.

3.10 Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the consolidated statements of income are determined by dividing net profit by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the period concerned (Note 42).

Companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings in Turkey. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, such bonus share issuances are regarded as issued shares. Accordingly the weighted average number of shares used in earnings per share computations is derived by giving retroactive effect to the issuances of the shares without consideration.

3.11 Subsequent events

Provisions are made when there is current legal or valid liability as a result of past transaction, it is probable that there will be outflow of cash, and a reliable estimate can be made of this amount (Note 34).

Possible assets or obligations arising at subsequent balance sheet dates that require the correction in the financial statements be corrected accordingly and assets and obligations arising subsequently which do not require correction to the financial statements but will possibly affect the economic decisions of the financial statement users will be disclosed under notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.12 Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

The conditions which are required to be met in order to recognise a provision in the consolidated financial statements are that the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the provision shall be the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The discount rate reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The discount rate shall be a pre-tax rate and shall not reflect risks for which future cash flow estimates have been adjusted.

Liabilities or assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events which are not wholly within the control of the entity should not be recognised as liabilities or assets, however they should be disclosed as contingent liabilities or assets (Note 31).

3.13 Changes and errors in the accounting policies and estimates

Significant changes and errors in the accounting policies are adjusted retrospectively and previous period's financial statements are prepared accordingly. Significant changes in accounting policy estimates are adjusted in the period in which the changes have occurred if the changes are related to only one period. If the estimated changes affect the prospective periods, they are adjusted in the period in which the changes have occurred and in the prospective periods.

3.14 Leases

Finance leases

Assets acquired under finance lease agreements are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset, net of grants and tax credits receivable, or at the present value of the lease payment, whichever is the lower. Principal lease payments are treated as comprising of capital and interest elements, the capital element is treated as reducing the capitalised obligation under the lease and the interest element is charged to the consolidated income statement as loss. Depreciation on the relevant asset is also charged to the statement of income over its useful life (Note 8).

Operating leases

Leases, where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

3.15 Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders, key management personnel and board members, in each case together with their families and companies controlled by or affiliated with them, investments, associated companies and joint venture partners are considered and referred to as related parties (Note 9).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.16 Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables

Trade receivables that are originated by the Group by way of providing goods or services directly to a debtor are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method. Short-term trade receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at original invoice amount unless the effect of imputing interest is significant (Note 7).

A credit risk provision for trade receivables is established if there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of all cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted based on the original effective interest rate of the originated receivables at inception.

If the amount of the impairment subsequently decreases due to an event occurring after the write-down, the release of the provision is credited to other operating income.

3.17 Segment reporting

In Turkey, the Group operates in handling services, airport security services and airport construction and management and in Hungary operates in handling services. Financial information related with these service lines are reported according to these segments (Note 33).

The first format type identified by the Group for segment reporting is industrial sections. Industrial sections include operations or assets which are different to services or products served by other service areas of the Group from a risk and advantage view.

Geographic segment reporting was not performed as the Group delivers products and services in geographical areas that are affected by economic environments by risk and advantages of a similar nature.

3.18 Construction agreements

None (2006: None).

3.19 Discontinued operations

None (2006: None).

3.20 Government grants and incentives

Government grants, including non-monetary grants at fair value, are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received (Note 30).

3.21 Investment properties

None (2006: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.22 Taxes on income

Taxes on income included in the statement of income comprise of current and deferred tax (Note 14 and Note 41). Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of prior years.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the consolidated financial statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax asset is booked where there is a probability that a tax advantage can be gained in future periods. This asset is removed from the related asset where there is no probability of utilising this asset.

3.23 Employment termination benefits

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, or dies. Employment termination benefits represent the present value of the estimated total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees calculated in accordance with the Turkish Labour Law (Note 23).

3.24 Retirement plans

None (2006: None).

3.25 Agricultural operations

None (2006: None).

3.26 Reporting of cash flows

Cash flows related to the period are reported and classified according to operating, investment and financial activities.

Cash flows resulting from operating activities indicate cash flows resulting from the Group's handling and airport construction and management operations.

Cash flows from investment operations indicate cash flows acquired and used in the Group's investment activities (fixed investment and financial investment).

Cash flows from financial operations indicate sources used in the financial activities of the Group and the repayments thereof.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and banks.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.27 Purchase and resale agreements ("Reverse Repo")

None (2006: None).

3.28 Share capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared. Dividend receivables are accounted for income at the date dividend collection is eligible.

3.29 Financial instruments and financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Boards of Directors.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing liabilities and assets. These exposures are managed using natural hedges that arise from offsetting interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities.

Funding risk

The ability to fund the existing and prospective debt requirements is managed by maintaining the availability of adequate committed funding lines from high quality lenders.

Receivable risk

Financial assets are exposed to the risk of not obeying a contract by the third party. This risk is monitored through restricting the risk of the third party (except related parties) for each contract and receiving guarantee letters if needed.

Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through the impact of rate changes in the translation of foreign currency denominated liabilities to local currency. These risks are monitored and limited by the analysis of foreign currency position (Note 29).

Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realise in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value:

Monetary assets

The fair values of balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated at period-end exchange rates, are considered to approximate carrying value.

The fair values of certain financial assets carried at cost, including cash and cash equivalents are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature.

The carrying values of trade receivables along with the related allowances for uncollectibility are estimated to be their fair values.

The fair values of financial assets not quoted on the market are determined through the application of generally accepted valuation techniques or by their historical costs after impairment losses are deducted.

Monetary liabilities

The fair values of short-term bank borrowings and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Long-term borrowings, which are denominated in foreign currencies, are translated at period-end exchange rates and accordingly their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Trading liabilities have been estimated at their fair values.

3.30 Significant accounting estimates, assumptions

The preparation of interim financial statements necessitates the use of estimates and assumptions that affect asset and liability amounts reported as of the balance sheet date, explanations of contingent liabilities and assets; and income and expense amounts reported for the accounting period. Although these estimates and assumptions are based on all management information related to the events and transactions, actual results may differ from them.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31 Marc	h 2007	31 Dec	ember 2006
Cash	1	.03.431		85.702
Banks				
- time deposits	50.3	348.097		53.564.761
- USD	23.870.574		21.935.901	
- EUR	16.788.078		21.418.701	
- Hungary Forint	5.033.292		4.354.498	
- YTL	4.656.153		5.855.661	
- demand deposits	5.6	517.345		13.352.837
- Hungary Forint	2.374.871		8.872.469	
- EUR	2.022.569		1.807.161	
- YTL	592.859		564.015	
- USD	589.741		2.050.564	
- GBP	37.305		58.628	
- Other liquid assets				7.405
	56.0	68.873		67.010.705

Average effective interest rates for YTL, EUR ,USD and Hungarian Forint time deposits are %16,63-18,25, %1,91-3,80 and %2,65-5,90 and %7,2 respectively as of 31 March 2007 (31 December 2006: YTL %16,63-20,00, EUR %1,84–3,70 USD %2,66-5,20 and Hungarian Forint: 7,2%). Maturities of time deposits as of 31 March 2007 are YTL: 2-6 days, USD: 2-272 days, EUR: 2-27 days and HUF: 7 days as of 31 March 2007 (31 December 2006: YTL 3-32 days, USD 3-182 days, EUR 3-62 days and HUF 7 days).

NOTE 5 - MARKETABLE SECURITIES

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		31 March 2007	
	Yearly effective interest rate (%)	Original amount	YTL
Short-term borrowings			
Short-term borrowings			
YTL borrowings		-	-
Hungary Forint borrowings		-	-
Euro borrowings	5,77%	30.000.000	55.155.677
		30.000.000	55.155.677
Short-term portion of long-term borrowin Interest expense accrual-EUR Interest expense accrual-USD USD borrowings EUR borrowings	ngs Libor+%2,9-%5,5 Euribor +%2,9	1.417.072 498.605 6.933.333 11.456.958	2.605.005 688.125 9.568.693 21.061.326
			33.923.149
Long-term borrowings			
USD borrowings	Libor+%2,9-%5,5	8.433.333	11.638.845
EUR borrowings	Euribor +%2,9	11.456.958	21.061.326
			32.700.171

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

		31 December 2006	
	Yearly effective		
	interest rate (%)	Original amount	YTL
Short-term borrowings			
Short-term borrowings			
YTL borrowings	_	839	839
Hungary Forint borrowings	-	500.000.000	3.695.000
Euro borrowings	5,77%	30.000.000	55.934.910
			59.630.749
Short-term portion of long-term borrowing	<u>ngs</u>		
Interest expense accrual-EUR	-	605.575	1.121.222
Interest expense accrual-USD		231.431	325.300
USD borrowings	Libor+%2,9-%5,5	6.933.333	9.745.493
EUR borrowings	Euribor+%2,9	11.456.958	21.212.558
			32.404.573
Long-term borrowings			
USD borrowings	Libor+%2,9-%5,5	8.433.333	11.853.895
EUR borrowings	Euribor +%2,9	11.456.958	21.212.558
			33.066.453

Repayment schedule of long term borrowings as of 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 is as follows:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
2008	30.630.019	30.958.051
2009 and over	2.070.152	2.108.402
	32.700.171	33.066.453

As of 31 March 2007, the borrowings amounting to EUR 22.913.916 comprise of the loans used by the Joint-venture of the Company Çelebi IC for the terminal construction. The maturities of the loans which do not have to be repaid in the first two years range from 3,5-4 years; repayment began on April 2006 and will be realised through six equal monthly installments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Short-term trade receivables		
Trade receivables	15.519.399	15.615.607
Deposits and guarantees given	14.733	14.862
Doubtful receivables	2.456.314	2.456.314
	17.990.446	18.086.783
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(2.456.314)	(2.456.314)
Less: Unearned financial income from credit sales	(34.843)	(25.213)
	15.499.289	15.605.256

Annual effective interest rates for trade receivables as of 31 March 2007 for the YTL, USD and EUR are %19,12, %5,32 and %3,87, respectively (31 December 2006: %16,80, %5,33 and %3,63).

The Group's previous experience in the collection of receivables has been considered in the provisions booked. Therefore, the Group does not foresee any additional receivable risk for the possible collection losses.

Movements of the provision for doubtful receivables for the years ended 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 are as follows:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Opening balance	2.456.314	2.418.211
Additions	-	38.103
Ending balance	2.456.314	2.456.314
Short-term trade payables		
Trade payables	16.641.701	25.973.607
	16.641.701	25.973.607
Less: Unincurred financial expense on due date purchases	(21.976)	(40.102)
	16.619.725	25.933.505

Annual effective interest rates for unearned credit finance charges as of 31 March 2007 for USD, Euro, GBP and YTL are %5,32, %3,87, %5,47 and %19,12 respectively (31 December 2006: %5,32, %3,63, %5,26 and %16,8).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Long-term trade payables		
Deposits and guarantees received	2.757	2.808
	2.757	2.808

NOTE 8 - FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	31 Ma	arch 2007		31 Dece	ember 2006	
Mi	inimum lease payments	Interest	Total Obligation	Minimum lease payments	Interest	Total Obligation
Less than 1 year	42.475	(919)	41.556	99.851	(2.606)	97.245
1 to 2 years	26.606	(26.414)	192	26.794	(26.794)	-
2 to 3 years	497	(497)	_	292	(292)	-
4 years and more	-	-	-	479	(479)	
	69.578	(27.830)	41.748	127.416	(30.171)	97.245

NOTE 9 - DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

Amounts due from and due to related parties during the periods and a summary of major transactions with related parties during the period are as follows:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Due from related parties		
Çelebi-IC Hava Terminali İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş.	1.920.032	75.852
Ortadoğu Antalya Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş.	-	31.997
Others	936	47
	1.920.968	107.896
Less: Unearned financial income from credit sales	(5.671)	(2.341)
	1.915.297	105.555

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Due from Joint-ventures		
Çelebi IC Antalya Havalimanı Terminal		
Yatırım ve İşletme A.Ş. Less: Unearned financial income from credit sales	217.546	164.897
Less: Unearned financial income from credit sales	-	<u>-</u>
	217.546	164.897
	2.132.843	270.452
	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Due to related parties		
Çelebi Holding A.Ş. (*)	1.165.444	1.306.176
Çe-Tur Çelebi Turizm Ticaret A.Ş.	988.312	960.872
Çelebi IC Antalya Havalimanı Terminal		
Yatırım ve İşletme A.Ş.	4.256	-
Payables to shareholders	671	2.848
Çelebi Hizmet Gıda İşletmeleri A.Ş	-	112
	2.158.683	2.270.008
Less: Unincurred financial expense		
on due date purchases	(4.271)	(2.497)
	2.154.412	2.267.511

^(*) YTL 883.657 portion of due to Çelebi Holding (31 December 2006: 1.005.534 YTL) consists of invoices issued for the Company and Çelebi Güvenlik as contributions to holding expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Sales to related parties		
Ortadoğu Antalya Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş	88.635	_
Çelebi IC Hava Terminali İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş.	72.003	107.007
Çe-Tur Çelebi Turizm Ticaret A.Ş.	40.852	2.877
Çelebi Holding A.Ş.	27.064	4.316
Çelebi Hizmet Restoran İşletmeleri		
ve Gıda Turizm İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	-	629
Çelebi Hizmet Gıda İşletmeleri Turizm		
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	200	332
	228.754	115.161
	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Sales to joint-ventures		
Calabi IC Antalya Havaliman		
Çelebi IC Antalya Havalimanı Terminal Yatırım ve İşletme A.Ş.	563.693	579.157
Terminar Fatirini ve işietine A.Ş.	303.073	317.131
	563.693	579.157
	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Rent income from related parties		
Çelebi IC Hava Terminali İşletme		
ve Ticaret A.Ş.	5.520.537	5.099.388
	5.520.537	5.099.388
	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Transportation expenses payable to related parties		
Çe-Tur Çelebi Turizm ve Ticaret A.Ş.	995.237	911.384
Çelebi-IC Hava Terminali İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş.	600.379	-
	1.595.616	911.384

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - DUE FROM AND DUE T	O RELATED PARTIES (Continued)
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	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Contribution to holding expenses (**)		
Çelebi Holding A.Ş.	2.204.041	2.028.898
	2.204.041	2.028.898
	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
General expenses contribution income from related companies (***)		
Çelebi IC Hava Terminali		
İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş.	1.104.107	1.019.878
	1.104.107	1.019.878
	31 March 2007	31 Mart 2006
Other purchases from related parties (****)		
Çe-Tur Çelebi Turizm Ticaret. A.Ş. Çelebi Holding A.Ş.	679.047 140.552	404.150 102.021
	819.599	506.171
	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Other purchases from joint-ventures		
Çelebi- IC Hava Terminali İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş.	15.182	66.413
	15.182	66.413

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Tangible and intangible asset purchases from related parties		
Çelebi Holding A.Ş.	-	58.937
	<u>-</u>	58.937

- (**) Contribution paid to Çelebi Holding A.S for services (legal counselling, financial consultancy and human resource consultancy) provided to Çelebi Hava Servisi and Çelebi Güvenlik by Çelebi Holding A.Ş. These expenses have been consistently incurred between periods and participations in Çelebi Holding A.Ş, in the consideration of criteria such as staff number, company turnover and asset size.
- (***) Contribution income comprises of rental income from offices and locations leased to Çelebi IC Hava Terminali İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş. in accordance with the agreement and management plans and contributions to commonly used electricity, heating and other expenses incurred within the terminal.
- (****) Other purchases include vehicle rent, organisational cost and other expenses.

Guarantees given to related parties as of 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 are detailed below:

	31 March 2007		31 December 20)06
	USD	YTL	USD	YTL
Çelebi Holding A.Ş.	-	-	-	-
Çelebi IC (*)	45.154.400	-	45.154.400	-

(*) Çelebi IC signed an agreement for the borrowings amounting to USD 90.308.800 (2006: USD 90.308.800). The Company gave a guarantee for %50 of these borrowings.

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Remuneration paid to top management:		
Remuneration paid to		
top management	1.158.706	965.506
	1.158.706	965.506

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Other short-term receivables		
Value-added tax ("VAT") to be refunded	4.286.224	6.634.312
Receivables from the previous shareholders of CGHH (*)	3.563.891	2.274.369
Advances given to personnel	149.260	56.742
Advances given to suppliers	117.160	113.374
Receivables from Tax Office	109.534	104.028
Other miscellaneous receivables	89.835	47.075
	8.315.904	9.229.900

^(*) The receivables from the previous shareholders of CGHH are composed of the amounts paid to the accounts of founding members in place of CGHH in return for the services rendered by CGHH to its customers and furthermore includes the credit note amounting to YTL 827.657 regording the completion procedure of the acquisition of CGHH (Note 17).

NOTE 11 - BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTE 12 - INVENTORIES

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Trade goods	388.404	450.319
Other inventories	3.736.607	2.930.973
	4.125.011	3.381.292

Other inventories include fuel oil, baggage sticker, boarding passes, miscellaneous periodicals, clothes and spare parts.

NOTE 13 - BALANCES RELATED TO CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deferred tax

Turkish Tax Legislation does not allow the main company to declare its tax return in the consolidated financial statements of all its affiliates and subsidiaries. For this purpose, tax provisions disclosed in consolidated financial statements are calculated separately for each company that is in the context of full consolidation.

The Group recognises deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements as reported for CMB Communiqué purposes and its statutory tax financial statements. Temporary differences generally arise due to the recording of incomes and expenses in different reporting periods according to Tax Laws and CMB Accounting Standards. Deferred income taxes will be calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realised or settled based on the taxable income in the coming years under the liability method using a principal tax rate of %20 (31 December 2006: %20). The related ratio for Hungary is 20%.

On the other hand, since the investment incentive is not foreseen to be utilised in 2007, Çelebi IC has not considered any benefit from the investment incentive amounting to YTL 15.655.087 in the calculation of corporate income tax.

The breakdown of cumulative temporary differences and the resulting deferred tax assets/(liabilities) provided at 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 using the enacted future tax rates is as follows:

	Cumulative Taxable Temporary Differences		Deferred Tax <u>Assets/ Liabilities</u>	
	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Non deductible financial losses (*)	(8.219.938)	(6.421.507)	1.643.988	1.284.301
Provision for vacation pay	(196.241)	(123.969)	39.248	24.794
Provision for employment				
termination benefits	(8.561)	(3.850)	1.712	770
Net difference between the tax base and				
carrying amount of property plant and				
equipment and intangible assets	64.405	66.460	(12.881)	(13.292)
Net deferred tax asset			1.672.067	1.296.573
Net difference between the tax base and carrying amount of property plant and				
equipment and intangible assets	36.220.477	37.617.492	(7.244.095)	(7.523.498)
Provision for doubtful receivables	(49.781)	(49.781)	9.956	9.956
Unearned financial income	-	52.845	-	(10.569)
Provision for employment				
termination benefits	(3.681.385)	(3.089.409)	736.277	617.882
Accrued sales commissions	(2.278.669)	(1.430.315)	455.734	286.063
Provision for vacation pay	(1.206.812)	(1.139.875)	241.362	227.975
Unincurred financial expenses	(34.843)	(25.213)	6.969	5.043
Personnel bonus accrual	(278.761)	(614.008)	55.752	122.802
Provision for legal claims	(297.412)	(297.412)	59.482	59.482
Other	81.346	(41.285)	(16.268)	8.256
Net deferred tax liability			(5.694.831)	(6.196.608)

^(*) There is no expiration of the carry-forward tax losses in the Hungarian Tax System.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Deferred tax movement table is indicated below:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Beginning balance	(4.900.035)	(4.512.833)
Currency translation adjustment Increase in deferred tax asset due	4.862	6.012
to acquisition of affiliates	-	1.255.725
Current period deferred tax income/(expense) (Note 41)	872.409	(1.648.939)
Ending balance	(4.022.764)	(4.900.035)

NOTE 15 - OTHER CURRENT/NON-CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Other current assets		
Prepaid expenses	2.119.654	2.592.414
Prepaid taxes and funds	343.583	267.654
Transferred VAT	55.189	384.786
	2.518.426	3.244.854
	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Other non-current assets		
Deposits and guarantees given	18.976	18.984
Prepaid expenses	-	5.875
Other receivables	103.351	105.260
	122.327	130.119
	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Other short-term liabilities		
Wages and salaries payable	3.671.787	3.178.518
Social security payables	3.107.094	2.846.197
Taxes and funds payable	1.095.074	1.748.325
Accrued bonus payable	278.761	743.673
Corporate taxes payable (Note 41)	257.621	212.049
Deferred income	197.967	325.630
Other miscellaneous liabilities	825.837	801.546
	9.434.141	9.855.938

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 16 - FINANCIAL ASSETS

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTE 17 - POSITIVE/NEGATIVE GOODWILL

Positive goodwill at 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 is as follows:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Goodwill due to acquisition of CGHH	17.332.869	18.160.526
	17.332.869	18.160.526

The Company participated in the tender offer on 7 August 2006 opened by the Budapest Airport Budapest Ferihegy Nemzetközi Repülöter Üzemeltetö Zartkörüen Müködö Reszvenytarsasag ("Ba Zrt") company resident in Budapest, Hungary for the acquisition of the Budapest Airport Handling Kereskedelmi es Szolgaltato Korlatolt Feleössegü Tarsasag ("BAGH") company that provides ground handling services at Budapest Airport and in which ("Ba Zrt") has a %100 share. The company was informed of winning the tender offer on 14 August 2006 and is participating in the Celebi Tanacsado Korlatolt Felelossegu Tarsasag" ("Celebi Kft.") company founded on 22 September 2006 as a founding shareholder for the realisation of the abovementioned share transfer. The trade name of the company BAGH was changed to Celebi Ground Handling Hungary Földi Kiszolgáló Korlátolt Felelősségű Társaság ("CGHH") after the acquisition dated 26 October 2006.

After the studies of the independent valuation company named American Appraisal Hungary Ltd., fair value of the net assets of CGHH was determined to be 31.287.893 YTL as of 26 October 2006 and acquired by Celebi Kft at a price of YTL 49.448.419 which is the YTL equivalent of 6.691.261 thousand Hungarian Forint (EUR 25.593.870). The acquisition has been accounted for according to the clauses of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and the goodwill amounting to YTL 18.160.526 projected after the acquisition has been reflected in the financial statements at 31 December 2006. At 31 March 2007, after finalizing the completion statements the final purchase price of the Company has been determined to be less than the amount paid at 31 December 2006 by YTL 827.657.

It is assumed that there is no impairment for the goodwill arising from the acquisition at 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006, since the transaction has been realised at a date close to the balance sheet date and the acquisition price has been determined by a sealed tender.

Goodwill details relating to the acquisition of the Subsidiary (CGHH) in 2007 are below: (Other explanations regarding to business combinations are presented in the Note 32)

(31.287.893)
(827.657)

Goodwill 17.332.869

NOTE 18 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in property, plant and equipment for the three month period ended 31 March 2007 are as follows:

	Opening				Currency translation	Closing
	1 January 2007	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	adjustments	31 March 2007
Cost						
Machinery and equipment	117.755.698	2.828.107	(202.559)	144.892	19.475	120.545.613
Vehicles	16.386.396	1.408.750	-	-	74.650	17.869.796
Furniture and fixtures	10.949.169	249.827	-	-	2.288	11.201.284
Leasehold improvements (*)	54.063.249	2.584.739	-	-	-	56.647.988
Advances given	1.167.366	46.140	-	(217.539)	-	995.967
	200.321.878	7.117.563	(202.559)	(72.647)	96.413	207.260.648
Accumulated depreciation						
Machinery and equipment	(73.021.216)	(1.796.787)	163.785	-	(1.564)	(74.655.782)
Vehicles	(3.408.910)	(615.608)	-	-	(11.047)	(4.035.565)
Furniture and fixtures	(9.485.483)	(155.149)	-	-	(1.035)	(9.641.667)
Leasehold improvements (*)	(17.494.700)	(937.155)	-		-	(18.431.855)
_	(103.410.309)	(3.504.699)	163.785		(13.646)	(106.764.869)
Net book value	96.911.569					100.495.779

^(*) The land plots where the stations were constructed by Çelebi Hava Servisi A.Ş in the airports within which it operates were rented from the DHMI. The station buildings on this land were constructed by the Group and recorded under the tangible assets of the Group as leasehold improvements. As of 31 March 2007 the net book value of these stations was YTL 38.105.534. The lease contract signed by the Group and the DHMI is valid for one year. If no objection arises from any of the parties, the agreement is renewed automatically. The Group amortises these station buildings over 15 years which correspond to their economic lives. If the DHMI does not renew the lease contract within this period, the Group may have to amortise the relevant leasehold improvements over a shorter period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

As explained in details in Note 44, the warehouse located at Atatürk Airport Terminal C in which the Company carries out cargo-antrepo operations was damaged due to a fire that broke out on 24 May 2006. As a consequence of the fire, leasehold improvements, the machinery & equipment and furniture & fixtures whose net book value were YTL 3.932.522, YTL 522.232 and YTL 29.851 respectively as of 31 December 2006 were written off from accounting records since the DHMI cancelled the rent agreement related to the mentioned warehouse and the leasehold improvements were partially damaged. As a consequence, although related expert and insurance specialists have not completed their reports yet, the machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures whose net book value were YTL 1.579.944 and YTL 47.257 were written off from accounting records. However, it is not possible to determine the damage to the machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures in the warehouse as the date of the fire whose net book values are YTL 60.152 and YTL 7.788, respectively as of 31 March 2007 and that to the goods of third parties as related expert and insurance specialist reports have not been concluded as yet. The Company has insurance policies including fire risk amounting to USD 2.200.000 for leasehold improvements, USD 2.000.000 in total which consists of USD 1.000.000 for machinery and equipment and general content, USD 600.000 of which is for broken machinery and USD 400.000 of which is for electronic equipment and USD 150.000 for furniture and fixtures. In addition, the Company has an insurance policy also covering fire risk amounting to USD 41.000.000 related to the equipment. As of 31 March 2007 within the scope of insurance policies, insurance company made an advance payment amounting to USD 1.524.088 to the Company.

The annual depreciation charges for the period ended 31 March 2007 amounting to YTL 508.679 and YTL 2.996.020 are included in operating expenses and cost of sales, respectively. The net book value of financial lease assets that are included in machinery and equipment is YTL 905.324 as of 31 March 2007 (31 December 2006: YTL 927.564).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Movements in property, plant and equipment for the three month period ended 31 March 2006 are as follows:

	Opening 1 January 2006	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Closing 31 March 2006
	1 January 2000	Additions	Disposais	11 ansici s	31 Watch 2000
Cost					
Machinery and equipment	113.601.327	556.235	(29.600)	-	114.127.962
Vehicles	3.672.552	-	-	-	3.672.552
Furniture and fixtures	10.469.663	239.182	(8.686)	-	10.700.159
Leasehold improvements (*)	51.054.363	689.657	_	-	51.744.020
Advances given	243.844	375.329	-	-	619.173
	179.041.749	1.860.403	(38.286)	-	180.863.866
Accumulated depreciation					
Machinery and equipment	(67.580.896)	(1.659.992)	1.386	-	(69.239.502)
Vehicles	(2.824.443)	(87.068)	-	_	(2.911.511)
Furniture and fixtures	(8.910.341)	(164.809)	-	-	(9.075.150)
Leasehold improvements (*)	(15.053.428)	(862.399)	-	-	(15.915.827)
	(94.369.108)	(2.774.268)	1.386		(97.141.990)
Net book value	84.672.641				83.721.876

^(*) The land plots where the stations were constructed by Çelebi Hava Servisi A.Ş in the airports within which it operates were rented from the DHMI. The station buildings on this land were constructed by the Group and recorded under the tangible assets of the Group as leasehold improvements. As of 31 March 2006 the net book value of these stations was YTL 35.824.492. The lease contract signed by the Group and the DHMI is valid for one year. If no objection arises from any of the parties, the agreement is renewed automatically. The Group amortises these station buildings over 15 years which correspond to their economic lives. If the DHMI does not renew the lease contract within this period, the Group may have to amortise the relevant leasehold improvements over a shorter period.

The annual depreciation charges for the period ended 31 March 2006 amounting to YTL 599.475 and YTL 2.174.793 are included in operating expenses and cost of sales, respectively

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Movements in intangible assets for the three month period ended 31 March 2007 are as follows:

	Opening				Currency translation	Closing
	1 January 2007	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	adjustments	31 March 2007
Cost						
Rights	542.969	9.450	-	-	113.577	665.996
Software	2.705.348	77.506	-	-	921	2.783.775
Customer Relations	29.468.201	-	-	-	-	29.468.201
Build-operate-transfer investments (*)	86.150.153	71.376	-	72.648	-	86.294.177
	118.866.671	158.332	-	72.648	114.498	119.212.149
Accumulated Depreciation						
Rights	(1.208.729)	(1.037.372)	-	-	(21.438)	(2.267.539)
Software	(1.666.412)	(80.167)	-	-	(204)	(1.746.783)
Build-operate-transfer investments (*)	(32.745.525)	(4.815.914)	-	-	<u> </u>	(37.561.439)
	(35.620.666)	(5.933.453)	-	-	(21.642)	(41.575.761)
Net book value	83.246.005					77.636.388

^(*) The build-operate-transfer investment the net book value of which is YTL 48.732.735, comprises of the advances and progress payments given to contracting firms which were capitalised as of 31 March 2007 related to the construction of Antalya Airport 2. International Terminal with respect to the terminal building operation and transfer processes between Çelebi IC and the DHMI. The Group will depreciate the leasehold improvements related to the terminal building within the operating period of 54 months.

The annual depreciation charges for the period ended 31 March 2007 amounting to YTL 26.985 and YTL 5.906.468 are included in operating expenses and cost of sales.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Movements in intangible assets for the three month period ended 31 March 2006 are as follows:

	Opening				Closing
	1 January 2006	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	31 March 2006
Cost					
Rights	541.894	-	-	-	541.894
Software	2.111.068	83.365	-	-	2.194.433
Build-operate-transfer					
investments (*)	85.270.668	111.961	-	-	85.382.629
	87.923.630	195.326	_	_	88.118.956
	07.725.050	173.320			00.110.230
Accumulated Deprec	iation				
Rights	(393.143)	(13.939)	-	-	(407.082)
Software	(1.402.296)	(60.024)	-	-	(1.462.320)
Build-operate-transfer					
investments (*)	(13.735.942)	(4.773.049)	-	-	(18.508.991)
	(15.531.381)	(4.847.012)		-	(20.378.393)
Net book value	72.392.249				67.740.563

^(*) The build-operate-transfer investment the net book value of which is YTL 66.873.638, comprises of the advances and progress payments given to contracting firms which were capitalised as of 31 March 2006 related to the construction of Antalya Airport 2. International Terminal with respect to the terminal building operation and transfer processes between Çelebi IC and the DHMI. The Group will depreciate the leasehold improvements related to the terminal building within the operating period of 54 months.

The annual depreciation charges for the period ended 31 March 2006 amounting to YTL 13.320 and YTL 4.833.692 are included in operating expenses and cost of sales.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 - ADVANCES RECEIVED

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Advances received	62.268	61.890
	62.268	61.890

NOTE 22 - RETIREMENT PLANS

There are no pension plans other than the provision for employment termination benefits explained in Note 23 - Provisions.

NOTE 23 - PROVISIONS

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Short-term provisions		
Accrued sales commissions	2.278.669	1.430.315
Provision for vacation pay	1.403.053	1.263.844
DHMI expense Accruals	1.051.727	-
Provision for legal claims	297.412	297.412
Other liability provisions	503.707	26.936
	5.534.568	3.018.507
	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Long-term provisions		
Provision for employment termination benefits	3.689.946	3.093.259
DHMI agreement depreciation provision (*)	6.205.194	5.582.342
	9.895.140	8.675.601

^(*) The DHMI agreement depreciation provision is the amount that will be paid to the DHMI for the depreciation of the fixed assets in the Antalya terminal operated by Çelebi IC in the context of the build-operate-transfer investment when the terminal is delivered to the DHMI in 2009. Also according to the related agreement, a guarantee letter is to be given for the depreciation accrued from the ask rate of the USD declared by the Central Bank of Turkish Republic ("CBTR") no later than four months following the year-end. Since the Company's liabilities at period end are in terms of USD, foreign exchange gains or losses that have arisen from the valuation of the guarantee letter under consideration are included in the provision.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - PROVISIONS (Continued)

Provision for employment termination benefits is booked according to the explanations below:

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service, who achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men), who has charged 25 years of services (20 years for women) and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service or who dies Since the legislation was changed on 23 May 2002 there are certain transitional provisions relating to length of service prior to retirement. The amount payable at 31 March 2007 consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of YTL 1.960,69 (31 December 2006: YTL 1.857,44) for each year of service.

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

IFRS requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Employee termination benefit liability is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation to the employees of the group in its subsidiaries that are registered in Turkey arising from the retirement of the employees. IFRS requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Discount rate (%)	5.71	5,71
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement (%)	94,72	93,82

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Since the Group calculates the reserve for employment termination benefits every six months the maximum amount of YTL 1,960.69 which is effective from 1 January 2007 (1 January 2006: YTL 1.770,62) has been taken into consideration in the calculations.

-	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Balance at the beginning of the year	3.093.259	3.480.575
Paid during the year	(201.363)	(903.220)
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	798.050	515.904
Ending balance	3.689.946	3.093.259

NOTE 24 - MINORITY INTEREST

Changes in the minority interest are as follows:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Balance at the beginning of the year	4.672.871	52.343
Increase in Subsidiaries included in the consolidation	-	5.649.599
Minority (loss)/income	(440.498)	(1.358.637)
Currency translation adjustment	8.740	329.566
Ending balance	4.241.113	4.672.871

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - SHARE CAPITAL/ADJUSTMENT TO SHARE CAPITAL

As of 31 March 2007, the authorised share capital of the Group is YTL 13.500.000 comprising of 1.350.000.000 registered shares with a face value each of 1 YKr (TL10.000) (31 December 2006: 1.350.000.000 shares).

At 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006, the shareholding structure can be summarised as follows:

	Shares (%)	31 March 2007	Shares (%)	31 December 2006
Çelebi Holding A.Ş.	52,69	7.112.250	52,69	7.112.250
Engin Çelebioğlu	10,01	1.351.350	10,01	1.351.350
Can Çelebioğlu	7,49	1.011.650	7,49	1.011.650
Canan Çelebioğlu Tokgöz	7,49	1.011.650	7,49	1.011.650
Other	22,32	3.013.100	22,32	3.013.100
	100,00	13.500.000	100,00	13.500.000

NOTE 26 - CAPITAL RESERVES

The restated amounts of the capital and legal reserves stated as their historical amounts in the consolidated financial statements and the inflation adjustment differences are as follows:

31 March 2007

	Historical	Restated	Shareholders' equity restatement
	amounts	amounts	differences
Capital	13.500.000	14.992.722	1.492.722
Legal Reserves	8.455.399	18.395.839	9.940.440
Extraordinary Reserves	27.229.058	27.581.379	352.321
	49.184.457	60.969.940	11.785.483

31 December 2006

	Historical	Restated	Shareholders' equity restatement
	amounts	amounts	differences
Capital	13.500.000	14.992.722	1.492.722
Legal Reserves	8.455.399	18.395.839	9.940.440
Extraordinary Reserves	27.229.058	27.581.379	352.321
	49.184.457	60.969.940	11.785.483

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 27 - PROFIT RESERVES

The historical amounts of profit reserves as of 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 are as follows:

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Legal Reserves	8.455.399	8.455.399
Extraordinary Reserves	27.229.058	27.229.058
Currency translation adjustment	789.382	768.988
	36.473.839	36.453.445

NOTE 28 - RETAINED EARNINGS

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements, other than legal reserve requirements, are available for distribution subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below. The legal reserves consist of first and second reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"). The TCC stipulates that the first legal reserve is appropriated out of statutory profits at the rate of %5 per annum, until the total reserve reaches %20 of the Group's paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of %10 per annum of all cash distributions in excess of %5 of the paid-in share capital. Under the TCC, the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed %50 of paid-in share capital.

Quoted companies are subject to dividend requirements regulated by the CMB as follows:

Effective from 1 January 2004, the net income computed from the financial statements prepared in accordance with the basis of preparation of financial statements explained in Note 2 in the context of Communiqué No: XI-25 must be distributed in the ratio of a minimum of %30 of total distributable profit. This distribution may be made either as cash, as pro-rata shares on the condition that no less than %30 of profits is distributed, or as a combination of both.

Equity inflation adjustment differences can only be netted-off against prior years' losses and used as an internal source in capital increases where extraordinary reserves can be netted-off against prior years' losses, or used in the distribution of bonus shares and dividends to shareholders. Additionally, for capital increases made by internal resources, the lower of the amount found by CMB account applications and legal booking amounts should be recorded.

According to the Board of Directors minutes regarding the dividend policy defined for profit distributions in 2006 and the following years in line with decree 4/67 of the Capital Markets Board dated 27 January 2006;

- Starting from 2006 and for the following years, at least %50 of distributable profit will be distributed unless contradicted by the rules and regulations of the Capital Markets Board;
- Dividends will be distributed either as cash or bonus shares generated through the addition of dividends to the share capital or bonus shares distributed at a specified rate considering investment and financing needs of the Company for long-term growth;
- The Company's dividend policy will be maintained unless there are extraordinary developments in the general economic environment or financing and investment needs of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 28 - RETAINED EARNINGS (Continued)

The details of retained earnings as of 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 are as follows:

	Retained Earnings
31 December 2005 balance	28.659.109
Transfer to reserves	(24.651.560)
Transfer from net profit for the year 2005	31.156.786
Adjustment for employment termination benefit (net)	(6.505.226)
31 December 2006 balance	28.659.109
Transfer from net profit for the year 2006	22.204.955
31 March 2007 balance	50.864.064

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION

31 March 2007	USD		EUR		Other	Total
Ori	iginal amount	YTL	Original amount	YTL	YTL	YTL
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17.729.809	24.468.909	10.246.955	18.836.979	69.782	43.375.670
Trade receivables	2.989.263	4.125.482	4.014.438	7.379.741	8.916	11.514.139
Due from related parties	-	-	1.166.800	1.889.527	-	1.889.527
Other	152.450	210.396	28.944	53.208	-	263.604
	20.871.522	28.804.787	15.457.137	28.159.455	78.698	57.042.940
Liabilities:						
Short portion of long-term financial liabilities	(7.431.938)	(10.256.818)	(12.874.030)	(23.666.331)	-	(33.923.149)
Short term financial liabilities	-	-	(30.000.000)	(55.155.677)	-	(55.155.677)
Long-term financial liabilities	(8.433.333)	(11.638.843)	(11.456.958)	(21.061.328)	-	(32.700.171)
Trade payables	(183.026)	(290.808)	(82.017)	(150.772)	(69.604)	(511.184)
Due to related parties	(20.552)	(28.364)	(778)	(1.430)	-	(29.794)
Short-term finance lease obligations	(30.250)	(41.748)	-	-	-	(41.748)
Long-term finance lease obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	(2.088.202)	(2.881.928)	(17.333)	(31.864)	-	(2.913.792)
	(18.187.301)	(25.138.509)	(54.431.116)	(100.067.402)	(69.604)	(125.275.515)
Net foreign currency position	2.684.221	3.666.278	(38.973.979)	(71.907.947)	9.094	(68.232.575)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION (Continued)

31 December 2006	USD		EUR		Other	Total
Or	iginal amount	YTL	Original amount	YTL	YTL	YTL
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17.068.068	23.990.876	12.549.805	23.235.964	62.481	47.289.321
Trade receivables	2.982.836	4.192.674	4.168.789	7.718.513	70.428	11.981.615
Due from related parties	516.089	725.415	54.955	101.749	-	827.164
Other	385.728	542.178	124.629	230.751	-	772.929
	20.952.721	29.451.143	16.898.178	31.286.977	132.909	60.871.029
Liabilities:						
Short portion of long-term financial liabilities	(7.168.291)	(10.075.750)	(264.576)	(489.862)	-	(10.565.612)
Short term financial liabilities	-	<u>-</u>	(41.456.958)	(76.757.558)	-	(76.757.558)
Long-term financial liabilities	(8.433.333)	(11.853.893)	(11.456.958)	(21.212.558)	-	(33.066.451)
Trade payables	(590.588)	(830.130)	(98.184)	(181.788)	(13.128)	(1.025.046)
Due to related parties	(469.158)	(659.448)	(82.209)	(152.210)	-	(811.658)
Short-term finance lease obligations	(69.185)	(97.246)	-	-	-	(97.246)
Long-term finance lease obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term provisions	(2.042.770)	(2.871.318)	-	-	-	(2.871.318)
Other	(46.030)	(64.700)	(31.862)	(58.992)	-	(123.692)
	(18.819.355)	(26.452.485)	(53.390.747)	(98.852.968)	(13.128)	(125.318.581)
Net foreign currency position	2.133.366	2.998.658	(36.492.569)	(67.565.991)	119.781	(64.447.552)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES AND GRANTS

The Group holds investment incentive allowance certificates granted by the Turkish Government authorities in connection with certain major capital expenditures, which entitle the Group to:

- i) %100 exemption from customs duty on machinery and equipment to be imported;
- ii) Investment allowance of %40 of the cost of purchases and construction incurred for the expansion of the facilities; and
- iii) Custom exemption for import materials, VAT exemption for domestic purchases, exemption from stamp tax and dues.

There is no projected investment incentive allowance to be utilizes by the Group for the period 1 January - 31 March 2007 (31 December 2006: None).

NOTE 31 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Provisions

Provisions of the Group as at 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006 are explained in Note 23.

Commitments and contingent liabilities

Guarantee letters given

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Guarantees Received:		
Guarantee Letters Received	4.584.375	6.515.391
Guarantee Notes Received	1.228.881	1.224.877
Guarantee Cheques Received	934.252	1.557.468
	6.747.508	9.297.736
Guarantees given:		

The Group has contingent assets amounting to YTL 1.170.961 due to the legal cases in favour of the Group and contingent liabilities amounting to YTL 10.939.062 due to the legal cases against the Group as of 31 March 2007.

13.820.860

18.711.392

In consequence of the fact that the Subsidiary Celebi Kft and a bank located in Turkey made a loan agreement amounting 30.000.000 EUR for the preliminary financing of the continuing project, the Company put %70 of its shares of Celebi Kft as a pledge due to the mortgage agreement in 18 October 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Celebi Kft has purchased 100 % of the shares of CGHH from YTL 49.448.419 at 26 October 2006 Fair values of the purchased assets and liabilities as of 26 October 2006 are presented below:

Acquisition cost (*)	49.448.419
Fair value of definable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities Final purchase price adjustment	31.287.893 (827.657)
Goodwill	17.332.869
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities Tangible assets	16.143.270 14.484.467
Intangible assets	7.368
Intangible assets (customer relations) (**)	29.468.201
Inventories	26.833
Trade receivables	3.402.016
Other receivables - net	6.989.410
Other current assets	1.771.553
Trade payables - net	(12.513.768)
Financial liabilities- net	(24.865.872)
Other liabilities - net	(3.625.585)
Fair value of definable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities	31.287.893

- (*) Cost of purchase was paid in cash. At 31 March 2007, after finalizing the completion statements, the final purchase price of the Company has been determined to be less than the amount paid at 31 December 2006 by YTL 827.657.
- (**) During the valuation analysis of the acquisition of CGHH, customer relations have been defined as a definable asset and disclosed under intangible fixed assets. The amortisation allowance is calculated using Straight-line method as of 7 years.

Net cash outflow of due to acquisition of affiliate	(33.305.149)
Cash and cash equivalents of the acquired subsidiary	(16.143.270)
Acquisition cost	49.448.419

NOTE 33 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

In consolidated financial statements of 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006; industrial segments are defined as a primary reporting format. Industrial segments represent assets or operations that have different nature of the production of either services and goods or the risk and benefits.

Geographical segments are presented as a secondary reporting format in the consolidated financial statements at 31 March 2007 and 31 December 2006. Geographical segments represent economic regions that are different than other regions in terms of risk and return.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

a) Industrial Segments

1 January - 31 March 2007

	Repor	table Segmen	its		
	Ground Handling Services	Airport Security Services	Airport Terminal Construction and Management	Consolidation Eliminations	After Consolidation
Sales income (net)	35.867.018	1.899.635	9.371.654	(861.011)	46.277.296
Cost of sales	(34.160.350)	(1.379.403)	(7.653.624)	886.297	(42.307.080)
Gross operating prof	it 1.706.668	520.232	1.718.030	25.286	3.970.216
Operating expenses	(8.360.705)	(288.898)	(841.806)	7.477	(9.483.932)
Net operating loss	(6.654.037)	231.334	876.224	32.763	(5.513.716)
Operating loss	(4.113.891)	264.328	682.185	(51.218)	(3.218.596)
Net loss	(3.550.021)	211.321	786.109	389.281	(2.163.310)
31 March 2007					
Balance sheet					
Total Assets	228.283.576	3.147.074	86.512.166	(32.023.040)	285.919.776
Shareholder's Equity	103.684.716	2.126.501	35.093.745	(30.444.886)	110.460.076

1 January -31 March 2006

	Reportable Segments				
	Ground Handling Services	Airport Security Services	Airport Terminal Construction and Management	Consolidation Eliminations	After Consolidation
Sales income (net)	25.039.330	1.733.485	10.108.016	(866.246)	36.014.585
Cost of sales	(22.986.343)	(1.291.026)	(7.802.096)	889.472	(31.189.993)
Gross operating prof	it 2.052.987	442.459	2.305.920	23.226	4.824.592
Operating expenses	(6.880.513)	(232.242)	(778.746)	1.928	(7.889.573)
Net operating loss	(4.827.526)	210.217	1.527.174	25.154	(3.064.981)
Operating profit/(loss	s) 7.189.501	235.447	868.423	(11.717.803)	(3.424.432)
Net loss	7.535.014	156.112	447.553	(11.717.803)	(3.579.124)
31 March 2006 Balance sheet					
Total Assets Shareholders' equity	147.625.350 86.744.029	2.028.260 1.171.269	96.313.473 27.433.982	(17.898.551) (17.097.426)	228.068.532 98.251.854

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

b) Geographical Segments

i) Geographical Analysis as of 1 January- 31 March 2007

	Turkey	Hungary	Total Combined	Elimination	Total
Revenues	37.119.564	9.157.732	46.277.296	-	46.277.296
Cost of Sales	(33.704.497)	(8.602.583)	(42.307.080)	-	(42.307.080)
Gross Operating Profit	3.415.067	555.149	3.970.216	-	3.970.216
Operating Expenses	(7.056.829)	(2.427.103)	(9.483.932)	-	(9.483.932)
Net operating/loss	(3.641.762)	(1.871.954)	(5.513.716)	_	(5.513.716)
ii) Assets used at geograp	phical segments				
				2007	2006
<u>Total assets</u>					
Turkey			213.57	79.577	214.986.280
Hungary			85.74	18.564	96.858.818
Total Combined			299.32	28.141	311.845.098
Less: Elimination betw	veen geographical s	segments	(13.40	08.365)	(13.357.847)
Total Assets			285.91	19.776	298.487.251
Net assets				2007	2006
			114.00) 4 550	117 114 401
Turkey			114.00		115.114.401
Hungary			13.76	58.450	15.244.271
Total Combined			127.77	73.009	130.358.672
Less: Elimination betw	veen geographical s	segments	(13.18	32.399)	(13.182.399)
Total net assets			114.59	90.610	117.176.273
Less: Minority interest			(4.13	30.534)	(4.573.281)
Total Shareholders' e	equity		110.40	60.076	112.602.992

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

iii) Investment expenditures, depreciation and amortisation expenses

	2007	2006
<u>Investments</u>		
Turkey	5.313.180	16.558.401
Hungary	1.962.715	1.614.703
	7.275.895	18.173.104
	2007	2006
Depreciation and amortisation		
Turkey	7.768.338	7.621.280
Hungary	1.669.814	
	9.438.152	7.621.280
iv) Minority interest		
	2007	2006
Turkey	110.579	99.590
Hungary	4.130.534	4.573.281
	4.241.113	4.672.871

NOTE 34 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) The Group decided on 15 December 2006 to participate in the tender offer opened by The GMR Hyderabad International Airport Limited ("GHIAL") which is resident in India, to provide ground handling services in Hyderabad International Airport for seven years with operations planning to start on 31 March 2008. According to the information obtained by the Company at 10 May 2007, aforementioned tender offer in which the Group participated in partnership with Spencer's Travel Services Limited, has resulted in favor of a participant other than the joint venture consortium.
- b) The Company, has purchased the articles and conditions file from the Undersecretariat of Defence Industries, regarding to the project opened by T.C. Undersecretariat of Defence Industries related with the construction of Sabiha Gökçen Airport new international terminal within the context of build-operate-transfer investment.
- c) The joint venture formed by the Company and Flughafen Wien A.G, was eliminated from the tender due to a procedural deficiency in some of the documents in the Tender file submitted to the DHMI Tender Commission regarding the leasing of operating rights for Antalya Airport 1st and 2nd international terminals, CIP, domestic lines and associated components. The legal advisor and consultants of the management and the Company are in the opinion that the documents were all in compliance with the tender specifications and that the Tender Commission's elimination decision is unjust and incorrect. Accordingly, the Company filed a lawsuit demanding the cancellation of the decision of the DHMI Tender Commission on 27 April 2007.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTE 36 - OPERATING REVENUE

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Ground handling services	33.962.337	22.252.381
Rent income not related to aviation (**)	5.995.985	5.333.727
Antrepo services income	2.795.689	2.985.968
Passenger service income (*)	2.078.999	3.368.171
Contribution income to general expenses (****)	1.184.776	1.107.955
Airport security services	1.038.624	933.235
Aviation fuel sold	240.883	464.242
Rent income related to aviation (***)	214.396	232.167
Less: Returns and discounts	(1.234.393)	(663.261)
Sales (net)	46.277.296	36.014.585
Cost of service given	(42.092.921)	(30.783.424)
Cost of aviation fuel sold	(214.159)	(406.569)
Cost of sales (-)	(42.307.080)	(31.189.993)
Gross Operating Profit	3.970.216	4.824.592

- (*) In accordance with the "Antalya Airport 2nd International Terminal Building Construction, Management and Transfer Agreement" signed between Çelebi IC and DHMI and also with the conditions of the contract, the DHMI committed to foreign lines service revenue from 2.345.796 (2006: 2.277.472) passengers and agreed USD 15 per person as the foreign line passenger service price; in subsequent years this figure will be increased by %3 over the previous year. After reaching the guaranteed passenger number in one operating year, the entire passenger fare will be transferred to the DHMI.
- (**) The rent income, which does not relate to aviation, consists of the rent of certain commercial places and offices.
- (***) Rent income related to aviation comprises income from services such as bridges, desks, water, PCA and 400Hz that Çelebi IC obtained in the Second International Terminal Building.
- (****) Contribution income comprises rent income from offices and locations leased to Çelebi IC Hava Terminali İşletme ve Ticaret A.Ş. in accordance with the agreement and management plans and contributions to commonly used electricity, heating and other expenses incurred within the context of build-operate-transfer in the 2nd International Terminal.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 37 - OPERATING EXPENSES

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
General administrative expenses	(9.483.932)	(7.889.573)
	(9.483.932)	(7.889.573)

General administrative expenses consist of personnel, management, depreciation and amortisation of tangible and intangible assets, representation and accommodation, rent, insurance, travel, advertising, repair and maintenance costs, stationery, taxes, transportation and cargo expenses.

NOTE 38 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME/EXPENSES AND OTHER PROFIT/LOSSES

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Other operating income:		
Income from insurance claims	2.123.229	-
Rent income	120.232	113.969
Fixed asset sales income	38.098	-
Other	94.591	425.468
	2.376.150	539.437
Other operating expenses:		
Insurance claim recoveries	(3.994)	(24.140)
Other	(181.580)	(162.196)
	(185.574)	(186.336)
	2.190.576	353.101

NOTE 39 - FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Financial Income:		
Foreign Exchange gains	1.696.546	7.826.558
Interest income	787.693	570.248
Unearned financial income	30.699	594.261
	2.514.938	8.991.067
Financial Expenses:		
Interest Expense	(1.473.504)	(1.609.200)
Foreign Exchange losses	(857.040)	(7.151.747)
Unincurred financial expenses	(47.004)	(940.616)
Other financial expenses	(32.846)	(2.056)
	(2.410.394)	(9.703.619)
	104.544	(712.552)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 40 - MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS

None (31 December 2006: None).

NOTE 41 - TAXATION

	31 March 2007	31 December 2006
Corporate tax	257.621	4.715.812
Less: Prepaid taxes	<u>-</u>	(4.503.763)
Tax liability/(receivable) - net (Note 15)	257.621	212.049

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Turkey

The corporation tax rate for the fiscal year 2007 is %20 (2006: %20). Corporation tax rate is applicable on the total income of companies after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, income tax exemptions (participation exemption, investment allowance exemption, etc) and income tax deductions (like research and development expenses). No further tax is payable unless the profit is distributed (except withholding tax at the rate of %19,8 on the investment incentive allowance utilised within the scope of the Income Tax Law transitional article 61).

Except for the dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a representative office in Turkey, or resident corporations, dividends are not subject to withholding tax. Dividends paid to other organisations or individuals are subject to withholding tax at the rate of %15 .Transfer of profit to capital is not accepted as a dividend distribution.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporation tax quarterly at the rate of %20 on their corporate income (2006: %20). Advance tax is declared by the 10th and paid by the 17th of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Advance tax paid by corporations is credited against the annual corporation tax liability. Despite the credit from annual corporation tax liability, if the company still has excess advance corporate tax, it can receive this balance in cash from the Government or as a credit for another financial debt to the Government.

There are numerous exemptions in the Corporation Tax Law concerning the corporations. Those related to the Company are as follows:

Domestic participation exemption

Dividend income earned from investments in another company's shares is excepted in the calculation of the corporate tax (dividend income gained related to the participation in investment funds and investment trust shares is excluded).

Preferential right certificate sales and issued premiums exemption

New share issue premiums, which represent the difference between the nominal and sale values of shares issued by joint-stock companies, are exempt from corporation tax.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 41 - TAXATION (Continued)

Foreign company participation exemption

The participation income of corporations participating for at least one continuous year of %10 that does not have their legal or business centre in Turkey (except for corporations whose principal activity is financial leasing or investment of marketable securities) up until the date the income is generated and transferred to Turkey and until the date of the filing of the corporate income tax return of the fiscal year in which the income is generated is exempt from corporation tax subject to those subsidiaries being subject to corporate income tax, or alike in their country of legal or business centre at the rate of at least %15 (the corporate income tax rate applicable in Turkey for those companies whose principal activity is financial assurance or insurance).

Real property, investment equity, preferential rights, usufruct shares, founding shares, sales exemption:

A %75 portion of corporations' profits from the sale of participation shares, founding shares, preemptive rights and property, which have been in their assets for at least for two years is exempt from corporate tax provided that these profits are added to share capital and are not withdrawn within five years. Income from the sale is generated until the end of the second calendar year following the year in which sale was realised.

Investment allowance exemption

The investment allowance application of %40 for fixed asset purchases over a specified amount, which had been in force for a significant period of time, was abolished by Law No.5479 dated 30 March 2006. However, in accordance with temporary article 69 of the Income Tax Law, income and corporate taxpayers can also deduct the following as the investment allowances from their income related to the years 2006, 2007 and 2008 which were present as of 31 December 2005, in accordance with the legislation (including the provisions related to tax rates) in force as of 31 December 2005:

- a) in the scope of the investment incentive certificates prepared related to the applications before 24 April 2003, investments to be made after 1 January 2006 in the scope of the certificate for the investments started in accordance with the regulatory provisions; the ratio of investment tax credit is %19.8.
- b) in the scope of the abolished 19th article of Income Tax Law, the investment allowance amounts to be calculated in accordance with the legislation in force at 31 December 2005 for investments which were started before 1 January 2006 and which display an economic and technical integrity. The ratio of investment tax credit for this is %40.

Investment allowances can be deducted from revenues for the years 2006, 2007 and 2008 in accordance with the legislation (including the provisions related to tax rates of the article of Income Tax Law No.5422) in force as of 31 December 2005.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns within the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the related financial year. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 41 - TAXATION (Continued)

Corporations established abroad and controlled directly or indirectly by tax resident companies and real persons by means of separate or joint participation in the capital or dividends or voting rights at the rate of a minimum 50% are considered as Controlled Foreign Corporations "CFC" provided that the below conditions are fulfilled:

- a) 25% or more of the gross revenue of the foreign subsidiary must be composed of passive income like interest, dividend, rent, license fee, or marketable securities sales income;
- b) Controlled Foreign Corporations "CFC" must be subject to an effective income tax rate lower than 10% for its commercial profit in its home country; and,
- c) Gross revenue of the CFC must exceed the equivalent of YTL 100 in a foreign currency in the related period.

CFC profit is included in the corporate income tax base of the controlling resident corporation, irrespective of whether it is distributed or not, at the rate of the shares controlled, in the fiscal period covering the month of closing of the fiscal period of the CFC. CFC profit that has already been taxed in Turkey as per this article will not be subject to additional tax in Turkey in the event of dividend distribution; whereas the portion of the profit distributed that has not been previously taxed in Turkey will be subject to taxation.

Hungary

In Hungary, the corporate tax rate is changed from 16% to 20% beginning on 1 September 2006. This additional tax increase is applicable to earnings before tax beginning from the third quarter of the fiscal year 2006 and the increased tax rate will be applicable thereafter.

The taxes on income for the periods ended 31 March 2007 and 2006 are summarised as follows:

Total tax income/(expense)	614.788	(146.129)
Current period tax expense Deferred tax income/(expense) (Note 14)	(257.621) 872.409	(56.346) (89.783)
	2007	2006

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 42 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is determined by dividing net loss amounting to YTL 2.163.310 YTL to that class of shares by the weighted average number of such shares outstanding during the year concerned (2007:13.500.000 shares, 2006: 13.500.000 shares). The calculation is as follows:

Net loss for the period	31 March 2007 (2.163.310)	31 March 2006 (3.579.124)
Weighted average number		
of ordinary shares	13.500.000	13.500.000
Loss per share with		
face value of YTL 1 each	(0,16)	(0,27)
1 I L I CACII	(0,10)	(0,27)

NOTE 43 - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The consolidated interim cash flow statements at 31 March 2007 and 31 March 2006 are presented together with the primary consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 44 - DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATTERS, WITH A MATERIAL EFFECT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE OF UNDERSTANDING AND INTERPRETING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The cargo building of the Company located at Atatürk Airport ("AHL") Terminal C in which the Company carries out cargo - warehouse operations has been damaged due to the fire that broke out on 24 May 2006.

As a result of the fire, goods belonging to third parties were also damaged in addition to the damage of the property, plant and equipment and leasehold improvements of the Company (as explained in Note 19). As of 31 December 2006; some of the owners of the goods have applied to the Company and its insurance company for the compensation of their losses by filing law suits against the Company and through enforcement proceedings.

Because of the aforementioned fire, judicial inquiry has been held with the inquiry file 2006/37927 E. at Bakırkoy Office of the Directorate of Public Prosecutions and in accordance with the results of the judicial inquiry criminal prosecution has been initiated for the four security guards of the DHMI and a security guard of Atatürk Airport that have been found responsible concerning the fire for their acts with the inquiry number 2006/817 E. at Third Bakırköy Magistrate Criminal Court. The Company has been described as aggrieved party in the indictment prepared by the Bakırköy Office of the director of public prosecutions. The Company, with all rights related to private Law reserved, has submitted a petition to be a participant in court proceedings for the penalty of the perpetrators since it has been described as aggrieved party.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2007

(Amounts expressed in New Turkish lira ("YTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 44 - DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATTERS, WITH A MATERIAL EFFECT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE OF UNDERSTANDING AND INTERPRETING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As a result of the inquiries; the management, the legal adviser and the lawyers of the Company believes that the Company is not found to be responsible for the fire and therefore is not considered to be legally responsible for the losses of the third parties. Consequently, since the Company that has not caused the fire by its own acts (or by the acts of the individuals under the responsibility of the Company) and any legal negligence of the Company has not been identified until now related with the prevention of the losses occurred in the fire, the probability of being liable for the losses of the fire is remote.

As of 31 March 2007, although the Company believes that the probability of being liable for the losses is remote, the indemnities related to the damaged goods of the third parties is estimated by the Company management as YTL 8.316.000. YTL 1.185.000 out of this amount consisted of direct lawsuits against the Company. The Company has an insurance policy related with the goods of third parties amounting to USD 1.500.000 of which totally collected as of 31 March 2007 and additionally there is another insurance policy amounting to USD 10.000.000 that will be effective if the Company is held legally liable for the losses.

The Company has not accounted for any provision in the consolidated interim financial statements at 31 March 2007 and 2006 because damage related with the goods belonging to third parties in the warehouse during the fire could not be determined precisely and the remote probability of being liable for the losses.

In addition, the Company is continuing its warehouse operations at Gunesli Antrepo and Ataturk Airport Terminal facilities rented from THY A.O. through the approval of the DHMI.

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